

WARNING: Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, injury or death. Read the installation, operating and maintenance instructions thoroughly before installing or servicing this equipment.





Introduction.

Welcome to the new range of AmbiRad VS infra-red heaters. Local regulations may vary and it is the installer's responsibility to ensure that such regulations are satisfied.

All installation, assembly, commissioning and service procedures must be carried out by suitable qualified competent persons and conform with local building codes, or in the absence of local codes, with the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.

When assembling, installing, commissioning and servicing is undertaken on radiant tube heaters specified in these instructions, due care

and attention is required to ensure that working at height regulations are adhered to at the mounting heights specified.

PLEASE READ this document prior to installation to familiarize yourself with the components and tools you require at the various stages of assembly.

All Dimensions shown are in inches unless otherwise stated.

The manufacturer reserves the right to alter specifications without prior notice.

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1. Installation Requirements

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, injury or death. Read the instructions thoroughly before installing of servicing this equipment.

1.1 Health and Safety

- A. Heater is intended for heating non-residential indoor spaces and should only be installed where flammable gases or vapors are not generally present.
- B. Heaters may be suspended either horizontal or at an angle, or may be wall mounted. See section 1.5 for clearance dimensions.
- C. The installation must conform with local building codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.*
- The unit shall be electrically grounded in accordance with National Electric Code ANSI/NFPA 70.
- E. The heater may be installed in aircraft hangars installed in accordance with the Standard for Aircraft Hangars, ANSI/NFPA 409 and in automotive garages when installed in accordance with the Standard for Parking Structures, ANSI/NFPA 88A, or the Standard for Repair Garages, ANSI/NFPA 88B, and are so marked.

Ensure that minimum clearances will be maintained to vehicles parked below the heater.

1.2 Packing and Shipping Information

See section 2 for assembly drawings. Material list with part numbers and descriptions for each part will accompany each shipment.

Heaters include: Options: Burner/Control 1 180° Bend 1 or 2 90° Bends 5 Radiant Tubes (VSLUS only) Reflectors **Brackets Ball Valve** Fan Vent Hoods U-Bend (VSUS only) Hanging Assembly Flex Gas Connector* (Chain etc) **Tube Couplings**

* Connector must be certified for use on a radiant tube type infrared heater and must comply with Standard for Connectors for Gas Appliances, ANSI Z21.24/CSA 6.10 for the United States.

For heaters up to 150,000Btu/h, $\frac{1}{2}$ " ID x 24" long For heaters 169,000Btu/h and above, $\frac{3}{4}$ " ID x 36" long

Shipping packages for individual projects will be boxed and crated as outlined in the specific bill of lading.

1.3 Heater Suspension

Attachment to the heater support lugs should be made by a 'speed link', D shackle or in the case of drop rods, a closed formed hook. The hanging attachments to overhead steelwork etc. must be purpose made to good sound engineering practice or of a proprietary type fixing. They must be adequately fixed and designed to carry the whole weight of the heater. In the event of suitable roof steelwork being unavailable, additional steelwork should be fitted to enable vertical hangers to be used for suspending the heaters.

These methods are illustrated in Figure 1. If there are any doubts as to the strength or suitability of roof steelwork to which heaters are to be suspended, please refer to a Consultant, Architect, structural engineer, or owner of the building.

It is recommended that the heater is raised to its final position once the assembly of the tube/bracket/reflector has been completed. Longer tube assemblies may be raised in more than one sub-assembly with final tube connection made in the air.

The suggested mounting heights for AmbiRad heaters are given in table 1.

1.4 Wall Mounting

These radiant tube heaters can be wall mounted using the appropriate bracket.

When using the wall mounting brackets the heater must be inclined at an angle between 35° and 55°, when side wall (perimeter) reflectors are not used.

Figure 1. Recommended Methods of Heater Suspension.

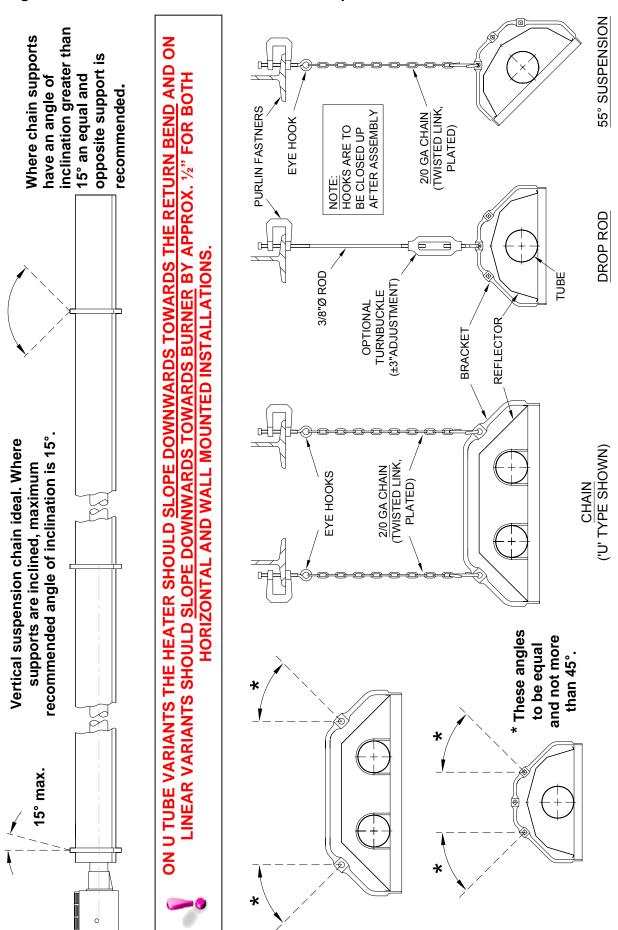


Table 1. Recommended mounting heights

Model	Recommended Mo	Recommended Mounting Height (ft)					
	Stan	ndard	Inclined				
	min	recommended	min	recommended			
40	12	14	10	11			
60	12	14	10	11			
80	12	14	10	11			
100	14	16	12	13			
125	14	16	12	13			
150	16	18	14	15			
170	16	18	14	15			
200	18	20	16	17			

1.5 Clearance to Combustibles.

Minimum clearance to combustibles are shown in Figure 2a/2b. Refer to table 2 below.

IMPORTANT:

The stated clearance to combustibles represents a surface temperature of 90°F (32°C)

above room temperature. Building material with a low heat tolerance may be subject to degradation at lower temperatures.

It is the installer's responsibility to assure that adjacent material are not subject to degradation.

Table 2. Clearance to Combustibles.

* unvented ** with end caps

	Cleara	Clearance to Combustibles (in)											
Model	,	4	В	В	31	C1 (*)	C2	(*)	C3	D(**)	D1	D2	Е
Model	VSUS	VSLUS		VSUS	VSLUS	5 . ()	VSUS	VSLUS	VSLUS	VSUS	VSLUS	VSLUS	
40	63	49	25	48	41	10(16)	10(16)	8	10	48(14)	18	20	10
60	66	66	30	48	41	10(16)	10(16)	8	10	48(14)	18	20	10
80	72	72	30	48	41	10(16)	10(16)	8	10	48(14)	18	20	10
100	72	72	32	48	41	10(16)	10(16)	8	10	48(20)	18	20	10
125	74	74	39	48	47	10(16)	10(16)	8	10	48(20)	18	20	10
150	78	86	39	48	48	10(17)	10(17)	8	10	48(28)	18	28	10
170	86	86	48	48	48	10(17)	10(17)	11	10	48(40)	18	28	10
200	86	86	48	48	48	10(17)	10(17)	11	10	48(40)	18	28	10



WARNING:

Minimum clearance from the heater must be maintained from vehicles parked below heater. In all situations, clearances to combustibles must be maintained. Signs should be posted in storage areas to specify maximum stacking height to maintain required clearance to combustibles. Refer to mounting clearance tables.

Figure 2a Clearance to Combustibles (VSUS Tube variants).

V

The minimum clearances to combustible materials are given in the tables below. These minimum distances MUST be adhered to at all times.

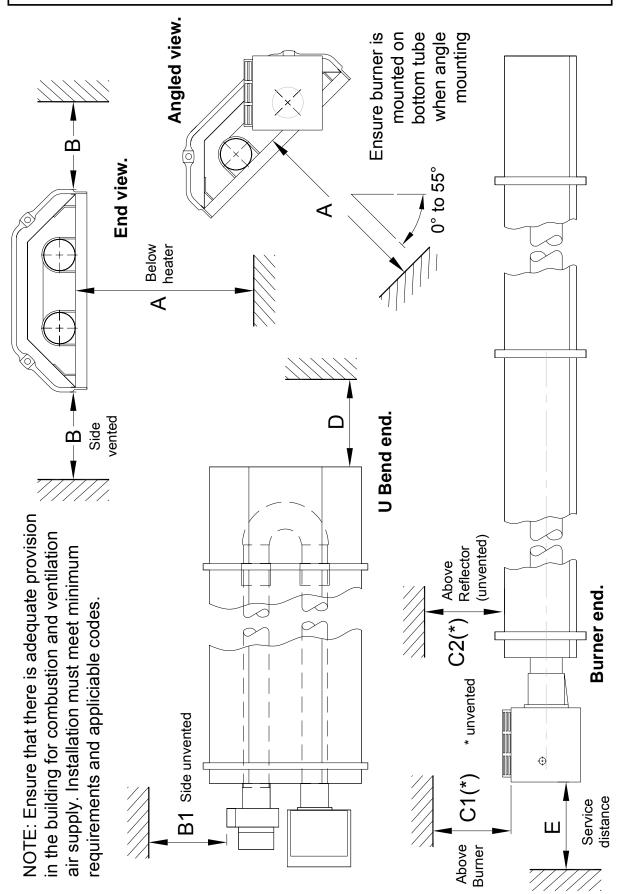
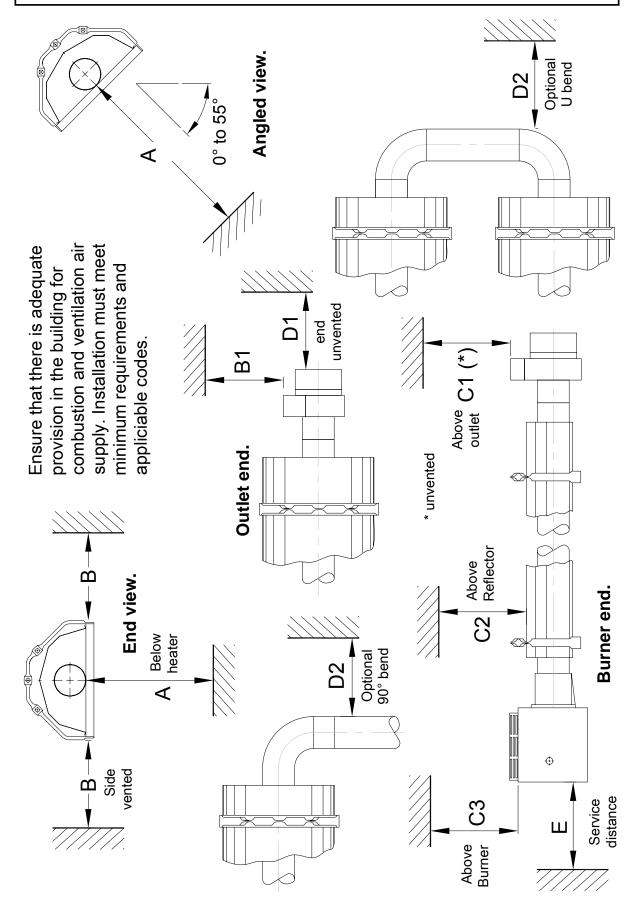


Figure 2b Clearance to Combustibles (VSLUS Tube variants).

V

The minimum clearances to combustible materials are given in the tables below. These minimum distances MUST be adhered to at all times.



1.6 Gas Connection and Supply

WARNING: Before installation, check that the local distribution conditions, nature of gas and pressure, and adjustment of the appliance are compatible.

The gas connection to the heater is ½" N.P.T internal thread.

Injector sizes and manifold pressure for the burners are shown in table 3. The gas supply piping and connections must be installed so that the recommended pressure stated is achieved.

A gas shut off valve and union should be fitted in the gas supply line close to the heater and a 1/8" N.P.T plugged tapping, accessible for test gauge connection, provided immediately upstream of the appliance gas inlet.

It is essential to provide some flexibility in the final gas connection preferably by use of an approved flexible gas connector or stainless steel expansion loop.

Take care when making a gas connection to the heater not to apply excessive turning force to the internal controls.

Depending on the specific installation, the flexible gas hose may be routed to the gas cock at any of the following angles in relation to the burner:

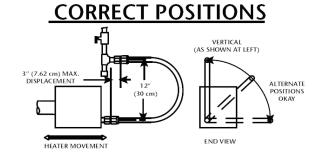
Care must be taken to observe the minimum pipe bend diameter (minimum 10", maximum 14") & pipe expansion distance (minimum 11/8", maximum 33/4").

The correct installation as shown will allow for approx 4" of movement due to expansion.

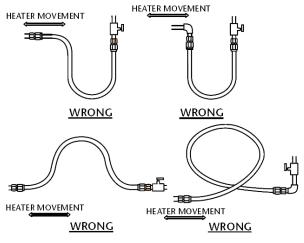
Figure 3. Correct orientation of Ball Valve

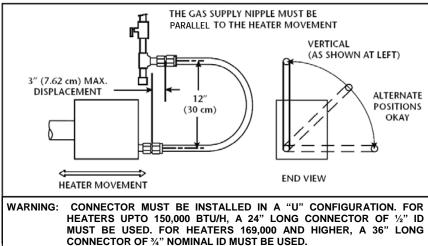


Figure 4. Correct Installation of Flexible Gas Connection



INCORRECT POSITIONS





WARNING: FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD - Expansion of the radiant pipe occurs with each firing cycle causing the burner to move with respect to the gas line. This can result in a gas leak producing an unsafe condition. It is therefore essential to provide some flexibility in the final gas line connection by use of an approved armoured flexible connector or stainless steel expansion loop as shown in the drawings.

Table 3 Gas Supply Pressures

Gas Type	Natural Gas
Required Gas Pressure (in W.C) 40 to 150,000 btu	5.0
Required Gas Pressure (in W.C) 170 to 200,000 btu	7.0
Max Supply Pressure (in W.C)	14.0
Gas Supply Connection	½" N.P.T internal thread

1.7 Electrical Connections

WARNING: Before making electrical connections, switch OFF the main electrical disconnect. There may be more than one disconnect switch. Lock out and tag switch with a suitable warning label. Electrical shock can cause personal injury or death.

This appliance must be electrically grounded

Supply 120V 60Hz single phase. Standard heater 0.16HP. Current rating 1.2 amp max (inductive). Fuse: external 3 amp.

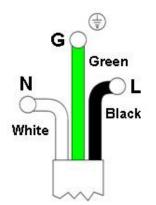
Important: All electrical work should be done by a qualified electrician in strict accordance with the National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA 70.

The electrical supply to the heater is by three wires: live, neutral and ground connections.

Install in accordance with all state & local codes.



recommended that the electrical circuit controlling the heater or group of heaters are controlled via a SmartCom Control Panel.



SmartCom³ provides cost effective energy for small single heater installations through to large multi-zone applications requiring centralised control.

For further information, please contact your local distributor.

Where alternative manufactures' controls are used, please refer to their instructions for their siting and installation details.

Figure 5.a Typical VSUS range Wiring Connections



Figure 5.b Typical VSLUS range Wiring Connections

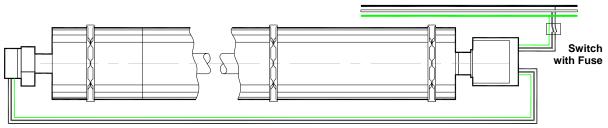
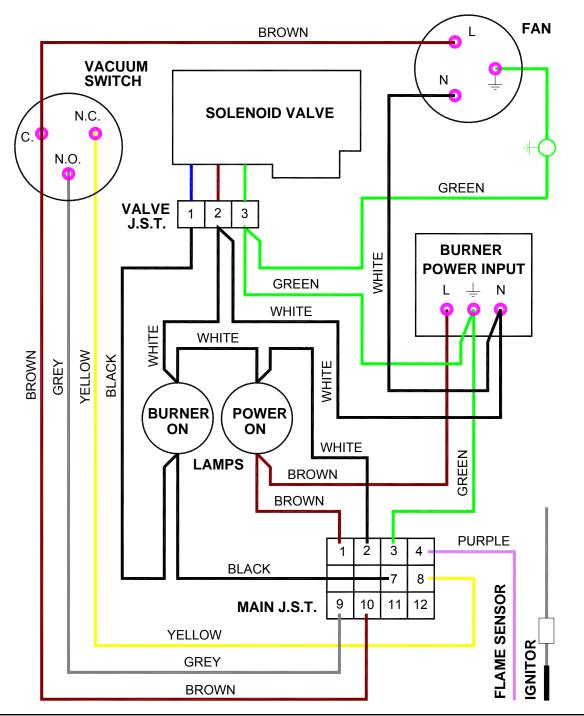


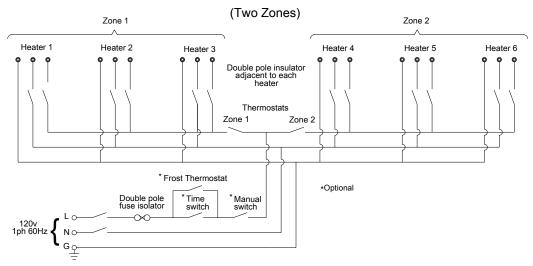
Figure 6. Internal Burner Wiring Diagram.



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If any of the original wire as supplied with the appliance must be replaced, it must be replaced with wiring material having a temperature rating of at least 220°F/105°C

Figure 7. Typical External Wiring Schematic.



1.8 Vent Requirements and Details

1.8.1 Unvented units

Heaters installed without a vent providing the governing building codes are met and consideration is properly given to possibilities of condensation on cold surfaces.

Installation shall meet the following requirements when unvented:

 Internal volume of the heated room must be greater than 214cu.ft. per 100 BTU/ HR of heaters installed.

OR

- Natural or mechanical means shall be provided to supply and exhaust at least 4 CFM per 1000 BTU per hour input of installed heaters.
- Combustion gasses shall not impinge on combustible materials with a temperature in excess of 150°F.

1.8.2 Vertical venting

The heater can be installed with a vertical vent.

All vent piping should be adequately supported from the building structure and terminated with an approved terminal. The maximum recommended vent length is 25ft in either 4" or 6" with a maximum of two bends. All connections should be properly sealed. Refer fig 8a

1.8.3 Horizontal venting

Individual units can be vented horizontally through side walls using standard approved terminals.

Distances from adjacent public walkways,

adjacent buildings, openable windows and building openings, consistent with the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.*

Maximum length of vent is 25ft with 2 - 90° long radius elbows.

Runs of 12ft or shorter can use 4" dia vent. Runs over 12ft should use 6" vent pipe.

Any portion of vent that passes through a combustible wall must be insulated, or use an approved insulating thimble.

Standard vent terminals must extend at least 6" from the wall and at least 24" from any combustible overhang. Protect the building material from degradation by the vent gasses.

Vent joints should be sealed and secured using at least 3 sheet metal screws. Should condensation occur the vent should be shortened or insulated.

The terminal should be at least 3ft away from any air intake to the building

If the heater is equipped with ducted combustion air, the vent terminal must be at least 3ft away from the air inlet and located higher than the inlet.

The vent terminal must be protected from blockage by snow. Refer fig 8b

1.9 Fresh Air Intake

Whenever the heater is installed in locations where airbourne dust or other pollutants are present, a fresh air supply should be ducted to the burner.

A fresh air duct of 4" dia. Should be installed from the fresh air to the air intake connection on the fan housing. A flexible jointing piece should be installed at the fan connection with hose clamps to facilitate expansion and contraction.

The maximum recommended length air duct is 25ft and the maximum number of bends is 2. The minimum length is 18". The location of the fresh air duct inlet must be where it will receive dust free clean air. An inlet cap with bird screen must be fitted at the inlet of the duct. If the duct inlet is located above the roof the underside of the inlet terminal must be at least 2ft above roof level and at least 10" above any projection on the roof within 7ft of the inlet. Intake pipe, fittings and sealant are not furnished by the manufacturer. Refer fig 8c & d

Figure 8.a Vertical Venting.

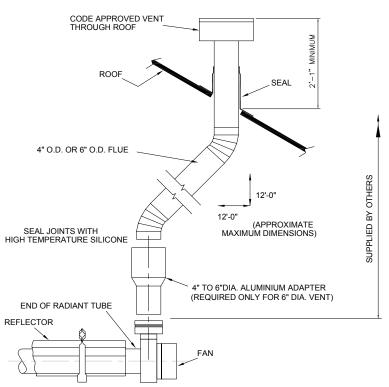


Figure 8.b Horizontal Venting.

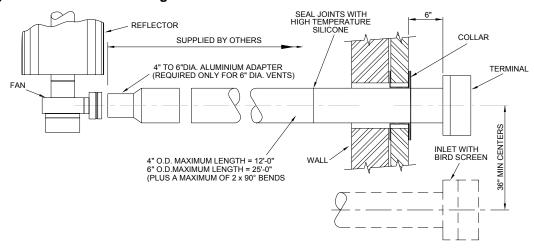


Figure 8.c Fresh Air Ducted Intake.

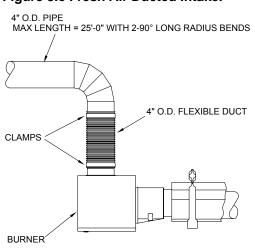
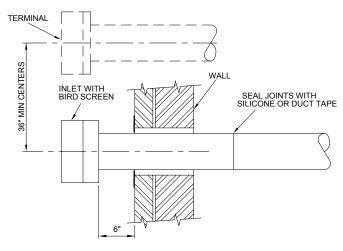


Figure 8.d Wall Terminal Intake Kit.



1.10 Technical Details

All heaters to run on **Natural Gas**

No of Injectors	1
Gas Connection	½" N.P.T nipple.
Electrical Supply	120 volt 1 phase 60Hz
Vent size (in)	4" or 6"
Unitary Fan Motor Details	120 volt 1 phase 60Hz
Current Rating	1.2A MAX
Ignition	Electronic Program Start up with Spark Ignition

Table 4a - VSUS Technical Details.

Burner Size	Nominal Gross Heat Input	Burner Head	Burner Orifice Plate	Injector		Injector Pressure
Size	BTU/Hr	Part No.	Part No.	Size (mm)	Part No.	Inches WG.
VSUS40	45,720	200988	201063-65	7 x 1.3	201007-13	3.4
VSUS60	60,000	200988	201063-36	7 x 1.5	201007-15	3.7
VSUS80	80,000	200988	201063-64	7 x 1.8	201007-18	3.2
VSUS100	100,000	200988	201063-70	7 x 2.1	201007-21	2.7
VSUS125	125,000	200988	201063-26	7 x 2.4	201007-24	3.6
VSUS150	150,000	200988	201063-25	7 x 3.0	201007-30	3.4
VSUS170	175,000	200988	201063-24	7 x 2.5	201631-25	4.4
VSUS200	200,000	200988	201063-71	7 x 3.2	201631-32	2.7

Burner Tube		Con	nbustion Fan Details	Pressure Switch	Min. Heater Length	Max. Heater Length
Size	Size	Fan Type	Support spinning Part No.	Part No.	U (ft)	U (ft)
VSUS40	3"	2576T	201845	201676	20	30
VSUS60	3"	2576T	201841	201676	20	40
VSUS80	3"	2576T	201841	201676	30	40
VSUS100	4"	2576T	FSER38UK	201676	34	34
VSUS125	4"	2576T	FS100-96DE	201676	34	44
VSUS150	4"	2560-1	FS100-4H-66DE	201676	34	44
VSUS170	4"	2560-1	FS100-4H-70DE	201676	44	64
VSUS200	4"	2560-1	FS100-4H-96DE	201676	54	74

Table 4b - VSLUS Technical Details.

Burner Size	Nominal Gross Heat Input	Burner Head	Burner Orifice Plate	Injector		Injector Pressure
Size	BTU/Hr	Part No.	Part No.	Size (mm)	Part No.	Inches WG.
VSLUS40	45,720	200988	201063-65	7 x 1.3	201007-13	3.4
VSLUS60	60,000	200988	201063-36	7 x 1.5	201007-15	3.7
VSLUS80	80,000	200988	201063-64	7 x 1.8	201007-18	3.2
VSLUS100	100,000	200988	201063-70	7 x 2.1	201007-21	2.7
VSLUS125	125,000	200988	201063-26	7 x 2.4	201007-24	3.6
VSLUS150	150,000	200988	201063-25	7 x 3.0	201007-30	3.4
VSLUS170	175,000	200988	201063-24	7 x 2.5	201631-25	4.4
VSLUS200	200,000	200988	201063-71	7 x 3.2	201631-32	2.7

Burner Tube		Cor	nbustion Fan Details	Pressure Switch	Min. Heater Length	Max. Heater Length
Size	Size	Fan Type	Support spinning Part No.	Part No.	S (ft)	S (ft)
VSLUS40	3"	2576T	201845	201676	20	30
VSLUS60	3"	2576T	201841	201676	20	40
VSLUS80	3"	2576T	201841	201676	25	40
VSLUS100	4"	2576T	FSER38UK	201676	30	50
VSLUS125	4"	2576T	FS100-96DE	201676	40	60
VSLUS150	4"	2560-1	FS100-4H-66DE	201676	40	60
VSLUS170	4"	2560-1	FS100-4H-70DE	201676	50	70
VSLUS200	4"	2560-1	FS100-4H-96DE	201676	50	80

Table 5a: VSUS Tube Materials

Model number		BTU/Hr	Combustion tube length (ft)	Radiant tube length (ft)	
VSUS 40U20	3	45,720	10 (1-CC)	10 (1-MS)	
VSUS 60U20	3	60,000	10 (1-66)	10 (1-1013)	
VSUS 40U30	3	42,720			
VSUS 60U30	3	60,000	10 (1-CC)	10 (1-MS) 10 (2#5'-MS)	
VSUS 80U30	3	80,000		,	
VSUS 100U35	4	100,000			
VSUS 125U35	4	125,000	10 (1-AS)	10 (1-MS) 14 (2#7'-MS)	
VSUS 150U35	4	150,000		,	
VSUS 60U40	3	60,000	10 (1-CC)	30 (3#10'-MS)	
VSUS 80U40	3	80,000	10 (1-00)	30 (3#10-1/13)	
VSUS 125U45	4	125,000	10 (1-AS)	10 (1-MS) 10 (2#5'-MS)	
VSUS 150U45	4	150,000	10 (1-A3)	14 (2#7'-MS)	
VSUS 170U45	4	175,000	10 (1-AS) 5 (1-AS)	10 (1-MS) 5 (1#5'-MS) 14 (2#7'-MS)	
VSUS 170U55	4	175,000	20 (2#10'-AS)	20 (2#10'-MS)	
VSUS 200U55	4	200,000	20 (2#10-740)	14 (2#7'-MS)	
VSUS 170U65	4	175,000	20 (2#10'-AS)	20 (2#10'-MS) 10 (2#5'-MS)	
VSUS 200U65	4	200,000	20 (2#10-A3)	10 (2#5-MS) 14 (2#7'-MS)	
VSUS 200U75	4	200,000	10 (2#10'-AS)	40 (4#10'-MS) 14 (2#7'-MS)	

Tube nomenclature:

CC 4"-3" Combustion tube AS Aluminum coated steel

MS Mild steel

Table 5b: VSLUS Tube Materials

Model number	Tube diameter	BTU/Hr	Combustion tube length (ft)	Radiant tube length (ft)	Min distance to bend (ft)
VSUS 40S20	3	45,720	10' (1 00)	10' (1 MC)	10'
VSUS 60S20	3	60,000	10' (1-CC)	10' (1-MS)	10'
VSUS 40S25	3	45,720			10'
VSUS 60S25	3	60,000	10' (1-CC)	10' (1-MS) 10' (2#5'-MS)	10
VSUS 80S25	3	80,000		,	20'
VSUS 40S30	3	45,720			10'
VSUS 60S30	3	60,000	10' (1-CC)	20' (2#10'-MS)	10
VSUS 80S30	3	80,000			20'
VSUS 100S30	4	100,000	10' (1-AS)	20' (2#10'-MS)	20'
VSUS 60S40	3	60,000	10' (1-CC)	30' (3#10'-MS)	10'
VSUS 80S40	3	80,000	10 (1-00)	30 (3#10-1013)	20'
VSUS 100S40	4	100,000			
VSUS 125S40	4	125,000	10' (1-AS)	30' (3#10'-MS)	20'
VSUS 150S40	4	150,000			
VSUS 100S50	4	100,000			
VSUS 125S50	4	125,000	10' (1-AS)	40' (4#10'-MS)	20'
VSUS 150S50	4	150,000			
VSUS 170S50	4	175,000	20' (2#10'-AS)	30' (3#10'-MS)	30'
VSUS 200S50	4	200,000	20 (2#10-A3)	30 (3#10-103)	30
VSUS 125S60	4	125,000	10' (1 AS)	50' (5#10'-MS)	20'
VSUS 150S60	4	150,000	10' (1-AS)	JU (J#10-1813)	20
VSUS 170S60	4	175,000	20' (2#10'-AS)	40' (4#10'-MS)	30'
VSUS 200S60	4	200,000	20 (2#10-73)	70 (T# 10 -1VIO)	50
VSUS 170S70	4	175,000	20' (2#10'-AS)	50' (5#10'-MS)	30'
VSUS 200S70	4	200,000	20 (2#10-43)	00 (0#10-1VIO)	30
VSUS 200S80	4	200,000	20' (2#10'-AS)	60' (6#10'-MS)	30'

Tube nomenclature:

CC 4"-3" Combustion tube

AS Aluminum coated steel tube

MS Mild steel tube

2. Assembly Instructions.

PLEASE READ this section prior to assembly to familiarize yourself with the components and tools you require at the various stages of assembly. Carefully open the packaging and check the contents against the parts and check list.

The manufacturer reserves the right to alter specifications without prior notice.

Please ensure that all packaging is disposed of in a safe environmentally friendly way.

For your own safety we recommend the use of safety boots and leather faced gloves when handling sharp or heavy items. The use of protective eye wear is also recommended.

2.1 Tools Required.

The following tools and equipment are advisable to complete the tasks laid out in this manual.



Suitable alternative tools may be used.





Leather Faced Gloves









5/16" Drive





Tape Measure

2.2 Assembly Notes.



Please read these assembly notes in conjunction with the correct assembly drawings (figs 9 to 26).

2.2.1 Tubes

Each heating unit has two types of emitter tubes. See Table 5a and 5b of this manual.

Identify and position tubes on saw horses. All tubes should be positioned with seams facing down when installed. Position coupling fastener so that these cannot be seen from beneath the heater.

3" heater versions have a 4" diameter burner spigot welded at one end. Ensure this tube assembly is correctly positioned as shown on the assembly drawings.

Where necessary, mark out the position of the bracket centres from the dimensions shown on the assembly drawings.



2.2.2 Turbulators

All models include a turbulator or a set of turbulators. Carefully insert turbulator inside the tube up to the end tab.





Turbulator lengths and positioning inside the tube vary between models.

Always ensure correct turbulator is fully inserted into the correct tube and from the correct end. Failure to ensure this practice could cause the heater to fail.

Turbulator dimensions and positioning are indicated on individual assembly drawings (fig.9 to fig.26).

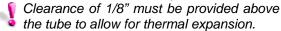
2.2.3 Brackets

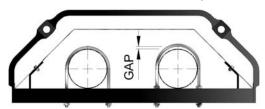


Always ensure correct bracket is used. Bracket type and positioning are indicated on individual assembly drawings (fig.9 to fig.26).

2.2.3.1 VSUS - U tube heaters

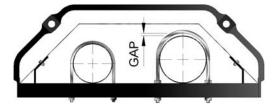
 Type 'A2' is a fixed reflector suspension bracket, tabbed with reflector fixing points.
 An extra long 'floating U bolt' with 'stop nuts' is located on the firing tube ONLY as indicated and bolted into position.



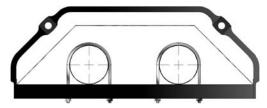


- Type 'A3' is a fixed reflector suspension bracket, tabbed with reflector fixing points. An oversized extra long 'floating U bolt' with 'stop nuts' is located on the 4" burner tube ONLY as indicated and bolted into position.
 - Clearance of 1/8" must be provided above the tube to allow for thermal expansion.

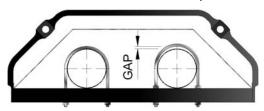
 This bracket is **ALWAYS** closest to the burner.



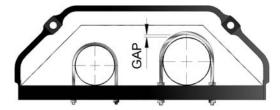
• **Type 'B'** is a sliding reflector suspension bracket and NOT fastened to the reflector.



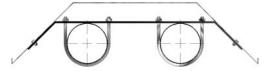
- **Type** 'B2' is a sliding reflector suspension bracket.
 - An extra long 'floating U bolt' with 'stop nuts' is located on the firing tube ONLY as indicated and bolted into position.
 - Clearance of 1/8" must be provided above the tube to allow for thermal expansion.



- Type 'B3' is a sliding reflector suspension bracket and NOT fastened to the reflector. An oversized extra long 'floating U bolt' with 'stop nuts' is located on the 4" burner tube ONLY as indicated and bolted into position.
- Clearance of 1/8" must be provided above the tube to allow for thermal expansion.



 Type 'C' is a reflector support bracket to retain the reflector (certain VSUT models).



Slip the brackets onto the tubes in correct order and fix at correct points as shown on the relevant assembly drawing.

Ensure fixings are tight to brackets



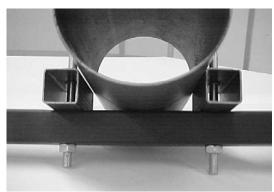
Note. The first bracket, 'A3' on 3" UT heaters have an oversized 'U' bolt on the burner leg to accommodate the 4" burner spigot.

2.2.3.2 Tube alignment sections

(For VS170 & 200 Angle Mounted Installations ONLY).

To allow for differential expansion of the tubes, a tube alignment assembly is fitted to the first bracket on the fan side radiant tube.

Position U bolt tube alignment sections over the tube and through bracket prior to clamping.



2.2.3.3 VSLUS - 3" SL tube heaters

 Type 'A1' is a fixed reflector suspension bracket, tabbed with reflector fixing points.
 An oversized 'U' bolt is located on the 4" burner tube only as indicated and bolted into position.

This bracket is **ALWAYS** closest to the burner.



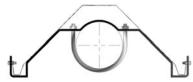
 Type 'B' is a sliding reflector suspension bracket and NOT fastened to the reflector. They are fixed at regular intervals down the length of the tube.



• Type 'F' is a fixed reflector support bracket and are fixed to the reflector via set screws.



 Type 'S' is a sliding reflector support bracket and NOT fastened to the reflector which allow the reflector to move within.



Slip the brackets onto the tubes in correct order and fix at correct points as shown on the relevant assembly drawing.

Ensure fixings are tight to brackets



Note. The first bracket, 'A1' on 3" UT heaters have an oversized 'U' bolt on the burner leg to accommodate the 4" burner spigot.

2.2.3.4 VSLUS - 4" SL tube heaters

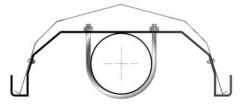
 Type 'A' is a fixed reflector suspension bracket, tabbed with reflector fixing points.
 This bracket is ALWAYS closest to the burner.



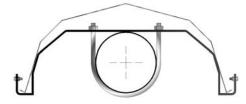
 Type 'B' is a sliding reflector suspension bracket and NOT fastened to the reflector. They are fixed at regular intervals down the length of the tube.



 Type 'F' is a fixed reflector support bracket and are fixed to the reflector via set screws.



 Type 'S' is a sliding reflector support bracket and NOT fastened to the reflector which allow the reflector to move within.



Slip the brackets onto the tubes in correct order and fix at correct points as shown on the relevant assembly drawing.

Ensure fixings are tight to brackets

2.2.4 Couplers

There are two types of 3" and 4" couplers for joining radiant tubes, bends or optional bend kits as detailed in Table 6 opposite.

A high temperature stainless steel coupling.



Slide the coupler over the tube ensuring that the rivet stop has butted up to the tube ends. Using the Allen wrench, tighten the pins.

Moving between the two set pins, tighten both ensuring that equal pressure is applied to each set pin in turn. Complete assembly by drilling and screwing self tapping retention zip screws.

A standard stainless steel coupling which is used for all other connections.



Slide the coupler over the tube ensuring that the tube stop has butted up to the tube ends. Using the 5/16" drive or flat blade screwdriver, tighten the bolts.

Moving between the two band coupling bolts, tighten both ensuring that equal pressure is applied to each in turn. Complete assembly by drilling and screwing self tapping retention zip screws.



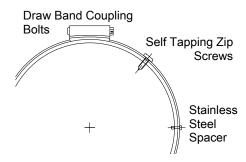


Table 6. Coupler positions (from burner)

vsus	1st coupler	2nd coupler	Remainder
40-100	Standard	Standard	Standard
125-200	Hi-temp	Standard	Standard
VSLUS	1st coupler	2nd coupler	Remainder
40-100	Standard	Standard	Standard
125-150	Hi-temp	Standard	Standard
170-200	Hi-temp	Hi-temp	Standard

At this point raise the tube assembly into position and suspend from previously fixed chains (2/0 min. gauge), or attach to wall mounting brackets. Wall mounting brackets must support heater at an angle of inclination of 45° ± 10°. Longer tube assemblies may be raised in more than one sub-assembly with final tube connection made in the air.

It is recommended that the heater be suspended to slope slightly - refer to note in figure 1 for details

2.2.5 Reflectors.



All reflectors must be positioned/ attached to the brackets exactly as detailed in the assembly drawings.



All reflectors are shipped with a protective plastic coating which MUST be removed before use.

VSUS UT models only. After removing the protective plastic coating, slip the first reflector through the brackets until the locating slots align with the type A bracket fixing points.

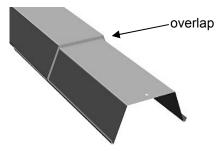
* Note: the first suspension bracket may not necessarily be a fixed type 'A' bracket.

Slide the next reflector backwards through the brackets and overlap the existing reflector until the locating slots line up with the type 'A' bracket. Continue along the heater where necessary.

VSLUS SL models only. After removing the protective plastic coating, slip the first reflector through the brackets until the locating slots align with the first type 'A' suspension bracket fixing point. Secure using nuts, bolts and flat mud washers.



Each subsequent reflector must **OVERLAP** the previous one as shown below and to a distance as indicated by their individual assembly sheets.



Slide the next reflector backwards through the brackets and **overlap** the existing reflector until the locating slots line up with the type 'F' reflector support bracket.

Adjust the type 'F' bracket along the tube to give the correct overlap as shown in the relevant assembly sheet. Secure U bolt to tube in this position.

Slide the next reflector through the brackets and **overlap** the existing reflector until the locating slots line up with the previous reflector slots and type 'F' reflector support bracket. Secure all three items using nuts, bolts and flat mud washers.

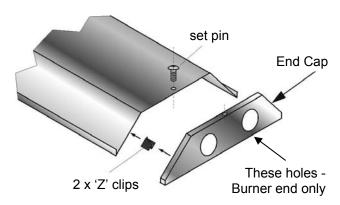
Continue along the heater where necessary.

2.2.6 U Bend.

For VSUS UT models only. Slide the 'U' bend onto the tube ends with the clamping bolts facing upwards until the predefined stop position. Tighten clamping bolt arrangement using socket and wrench.

2.2.7 End Caps.

On VSUS UT models only, position the end cap with no tube holes beneath the reflector profile at the U bend end with the end cap flanges facing inwards. Fasten to reflector using pozi set pin and 'Z' clips. Position the end cap with tube holes beneath the reflector profile at the burner end with the end cap flanges facing inwards. Fasten to reflector using pozi set pin and 'Z' clips.



On VSLUS SL models only, position ONE end cap beneath the reflector profile at the fan end with the end cap flanges facing inwards. Fasten to reflector using 'Z' clips. Position the other end cap beneath the reflector profile at the burner end with the end cap flanges facing inwards. Fasten to reflector using 'Z' clips.



NOTE: on 3" models, the end cap at the burner end will have one larger hole to accommodate the 4" combustion chamber spigot.

2.2.8 Burner Assembly.

On VSUS UT models only, slide the burner assembly onto the RIGHT HAND TUBE when viewed from above, ensuring it is fully engaged. Secure with set screws.

On VSLUS SL models only, slide the burner assembly onto the inlet end of the tube ensuring it is fully engaged. Secure with set screws.

2.2.9 Fan Assembly.

On VSUS UT models only, slide fan onto the left hand tube ensuring it is fully engaged.

On VSLUS SL models only, slide fan onto the opposite end to the burner ensuring it is fully engaged.

The fan discharge should face vertically or horizontally for individually vented or horizontally away from the burner if unvented.

2.2.10 Detailed Assembly Drawings

The following pages show the technical dimensional details for the VSUS and VSLUS range of heaters.

Please note the heater type, length and reference number from the delivery/advice note before identifying the correct model drawing.

Figure 9. VSUS Heater Assembly: Model U tube 40U20 and 60U20.

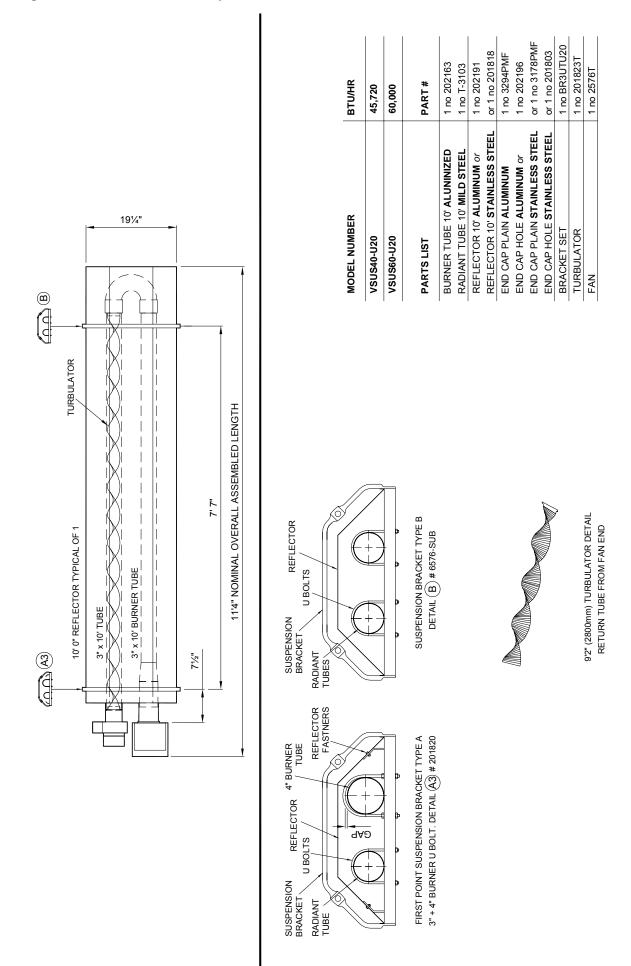


Figure 10. VSUS Heater Assembly: Model U tube 40U30, 60U30 and 80U30.

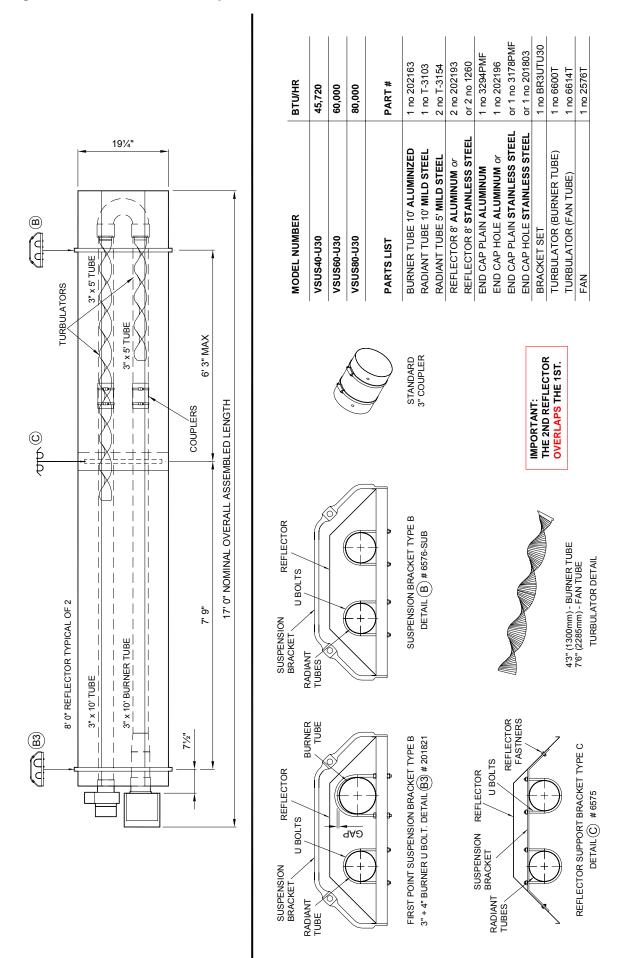


Figure 11. VSUS Heater Assembly: Model U tube 60U40 and 80U40

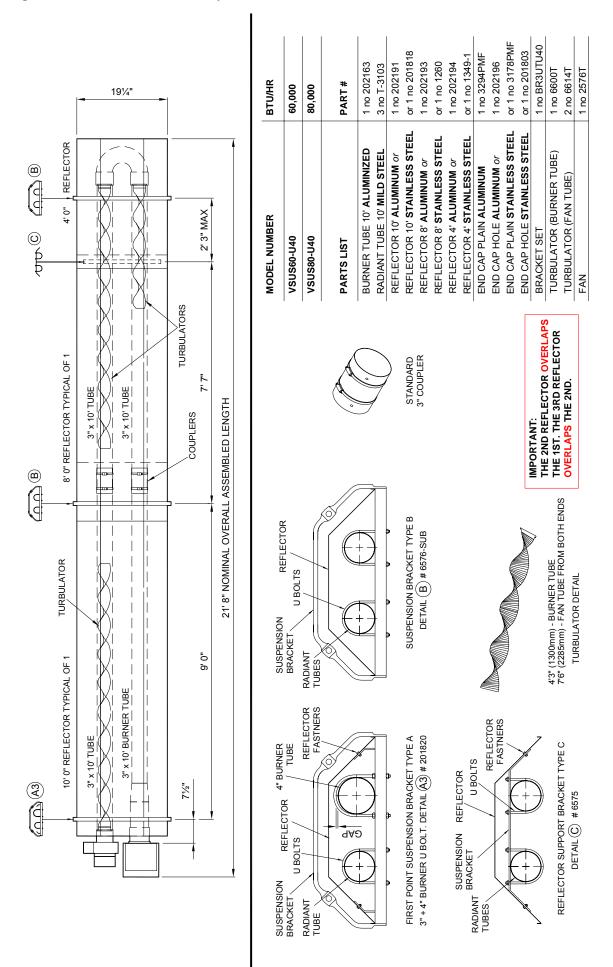


Figure 12. VSUS Heater Assembly: Model U tube 100U35, 125U35 and 150U35

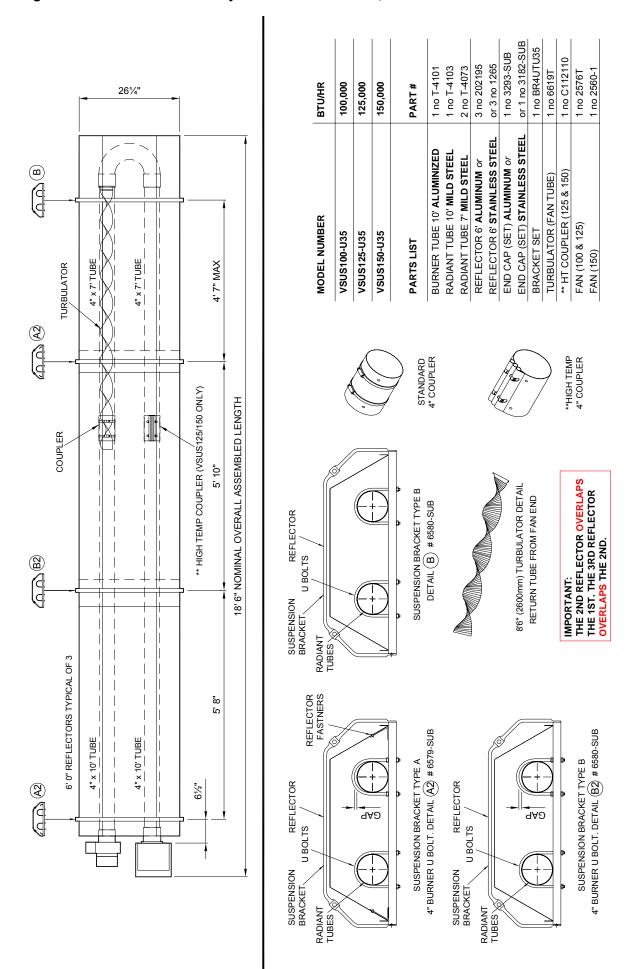


Figure 13. VSUS Heater Assembly: Model U tube 125U45, 150U45 and 170U45

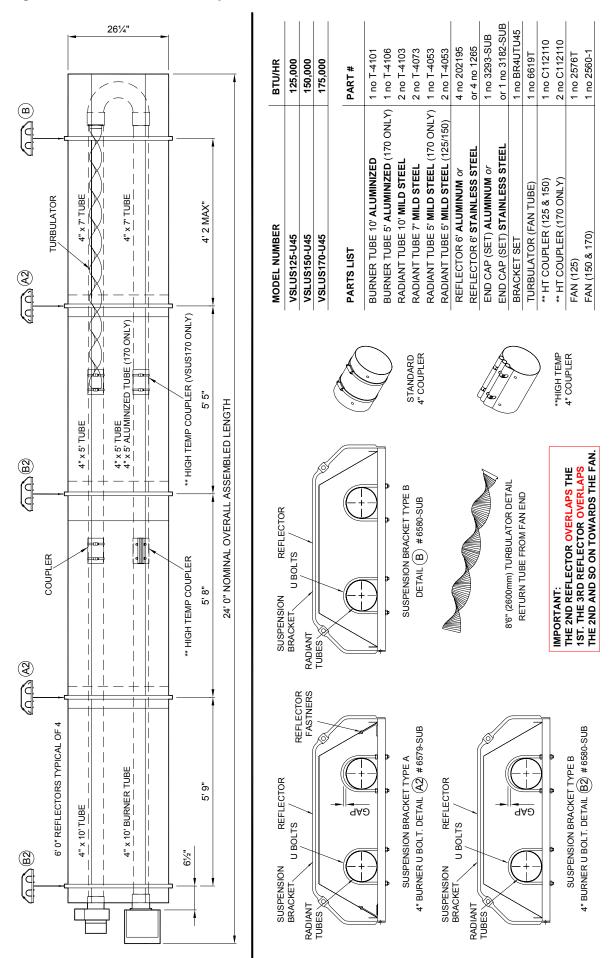


Figure 14. VSUS Heater Assembly: Model U tube 170U55 and 200U55

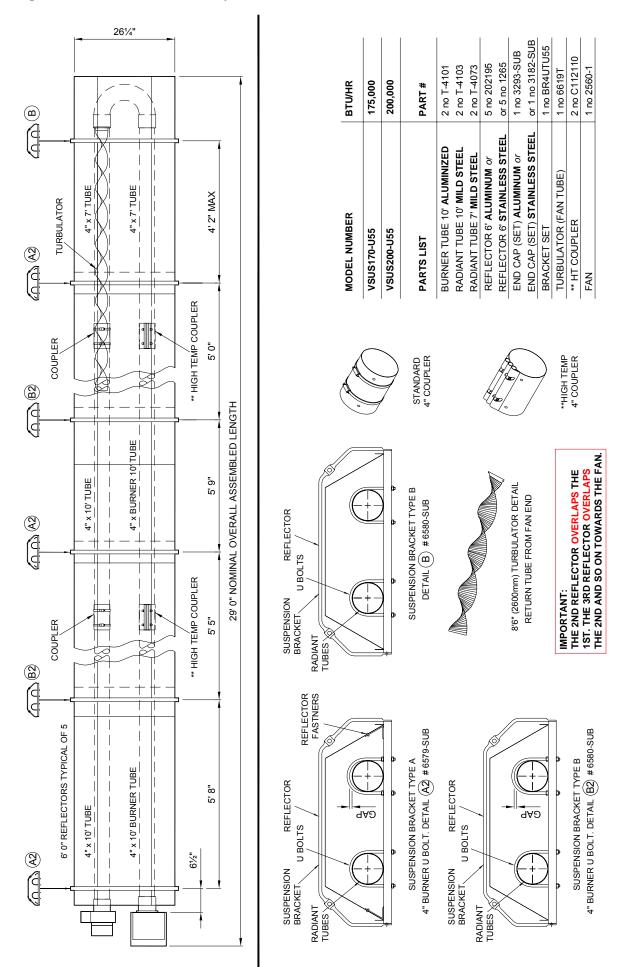


Figure 15. VSUS Heater Assembly: Model U tube 170U65 and 200U65

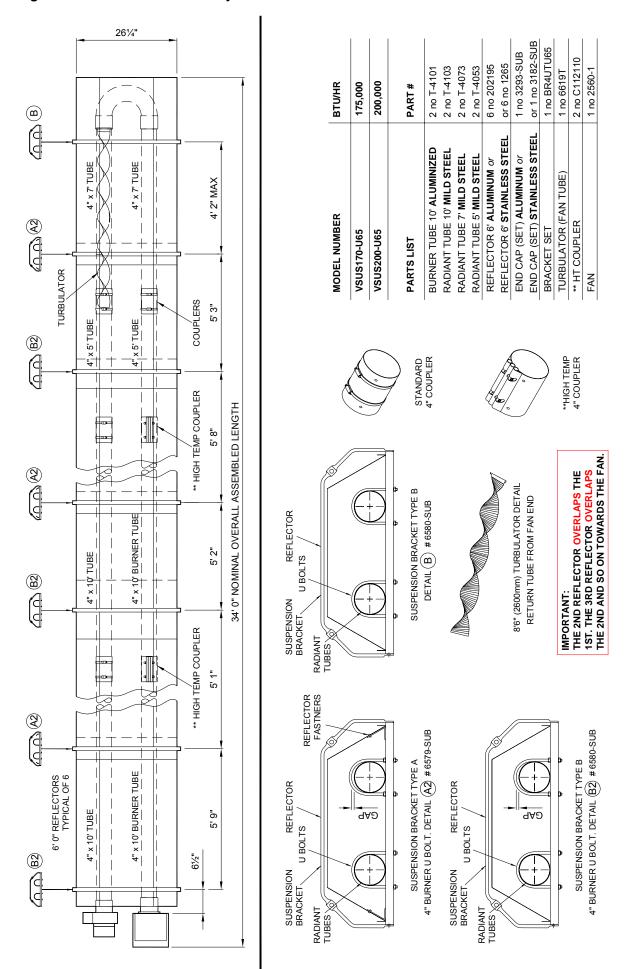


Figure 16. VSUS Heater Assembly: Model U tube 200U75

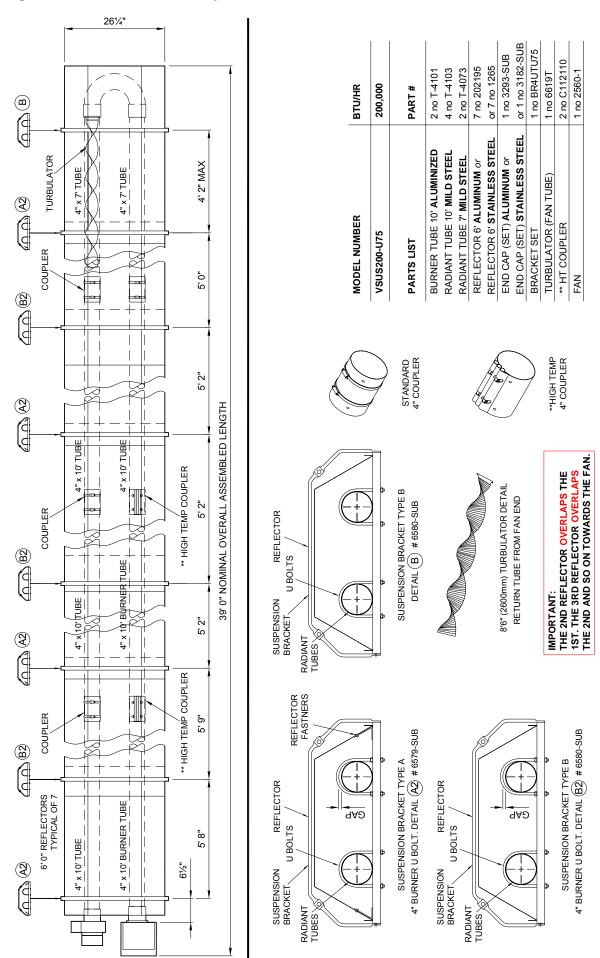


Figure 17. VSLUS Heater Assembly: Model Linear 40S20 and 60S20.

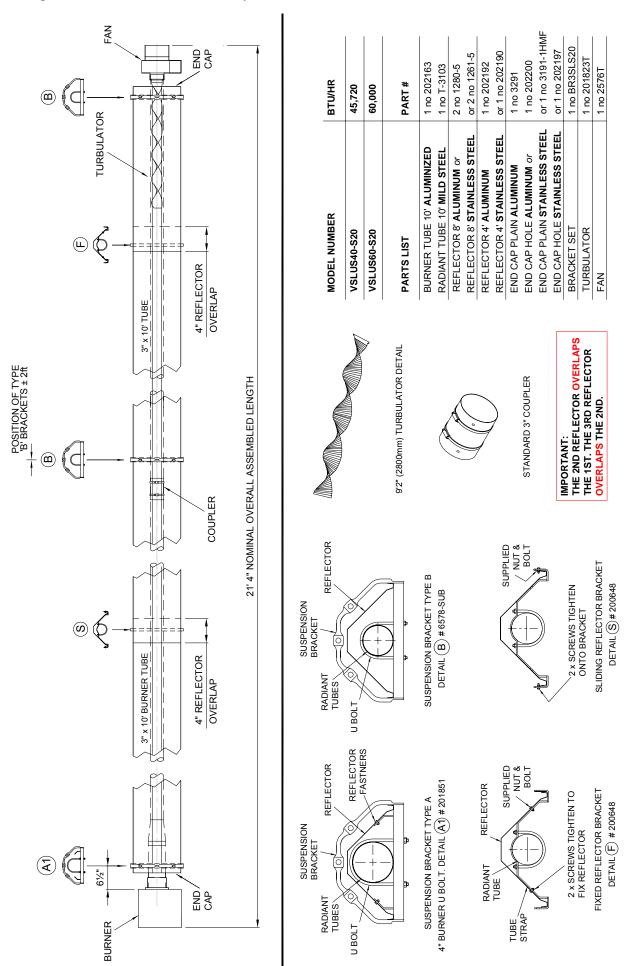


Figure 18. VSLUS Heater Assembly: Model Linear 40-S25, 60-S25 and 80-S25.

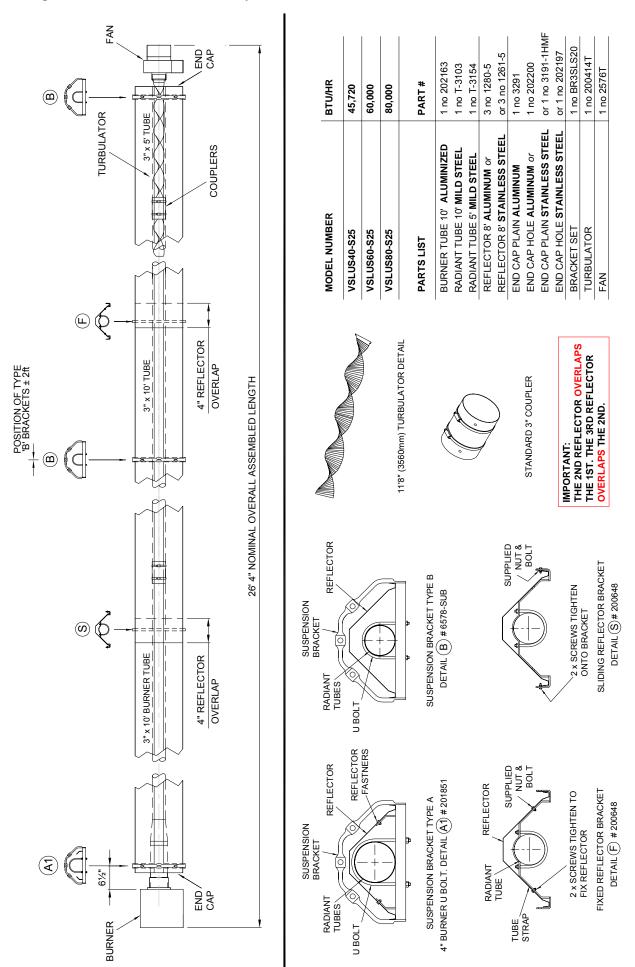


Figure 19. VSLUS Heater Assembly: Model Linear 40S30, 60S30 and 80S30.

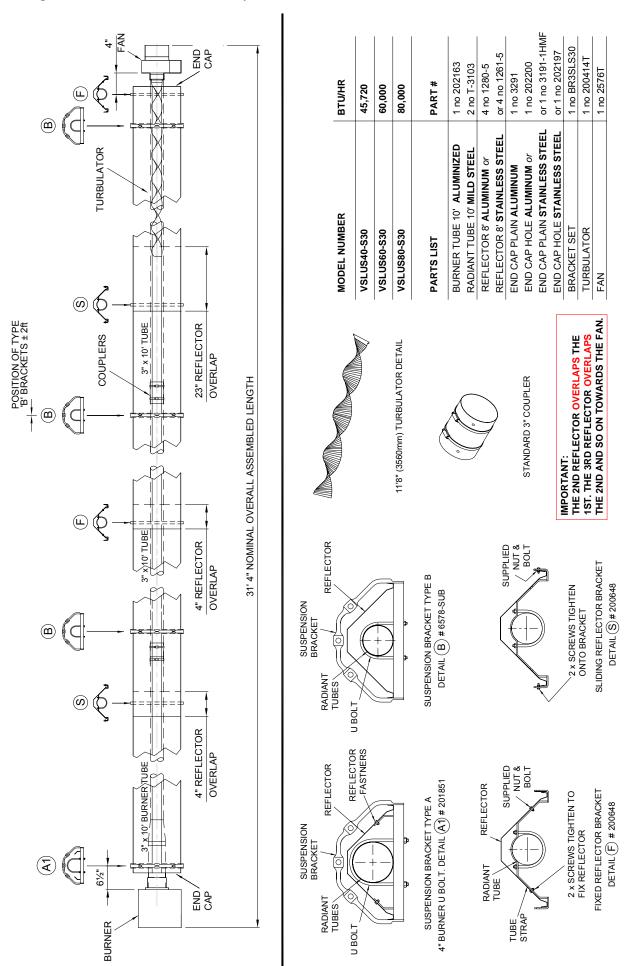


Figure 20. VSLUS Heater Assembly: Model Linear 60-S40 and 80-S40.

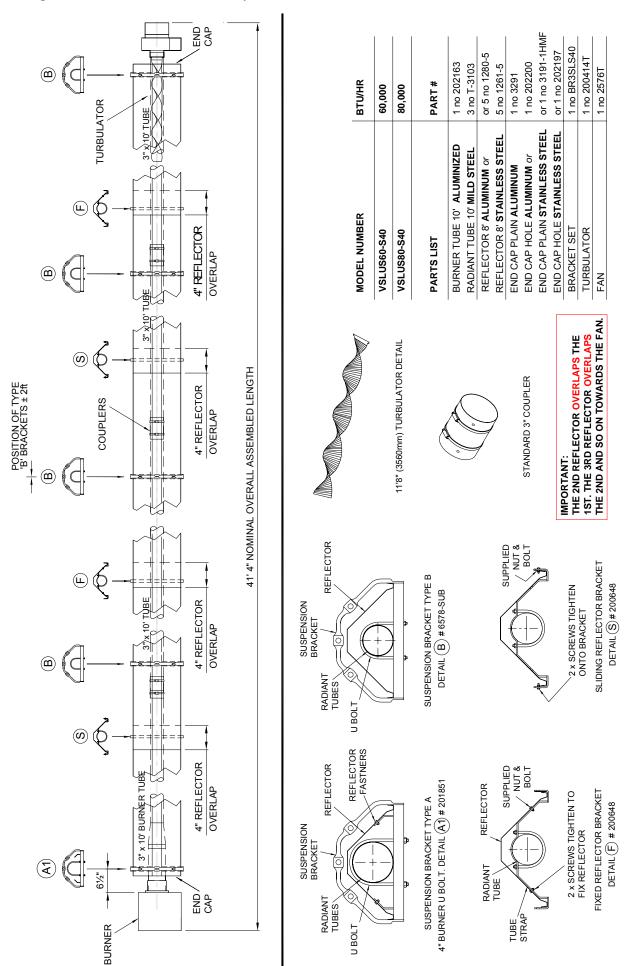


Figure 21. VSLUS Heater Assembly: Model Linear 100S30.

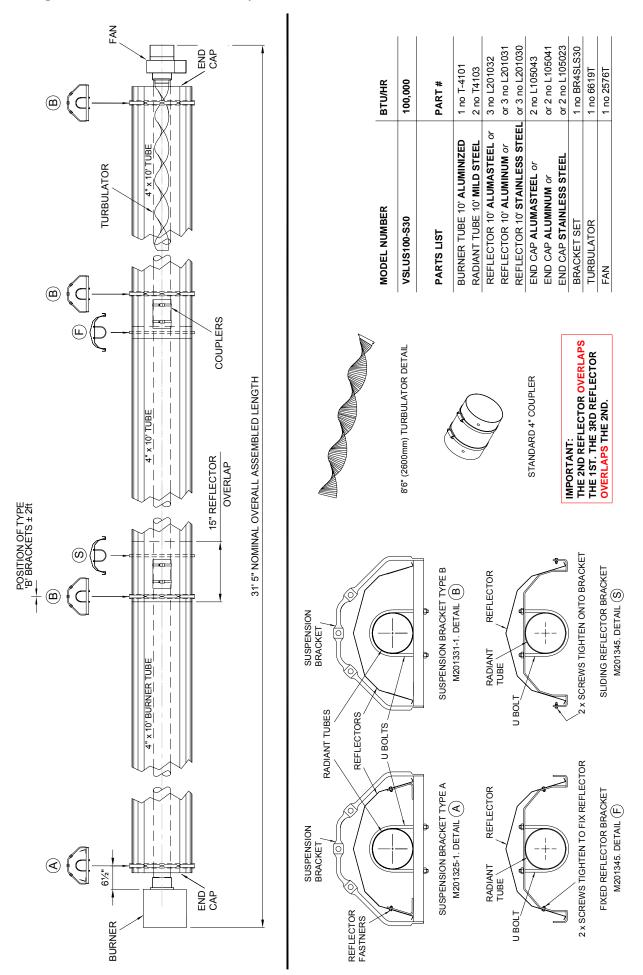


Figure 22. VSLUS Heater Assembly: Model Linear 100S40, 125S40 and 150S40

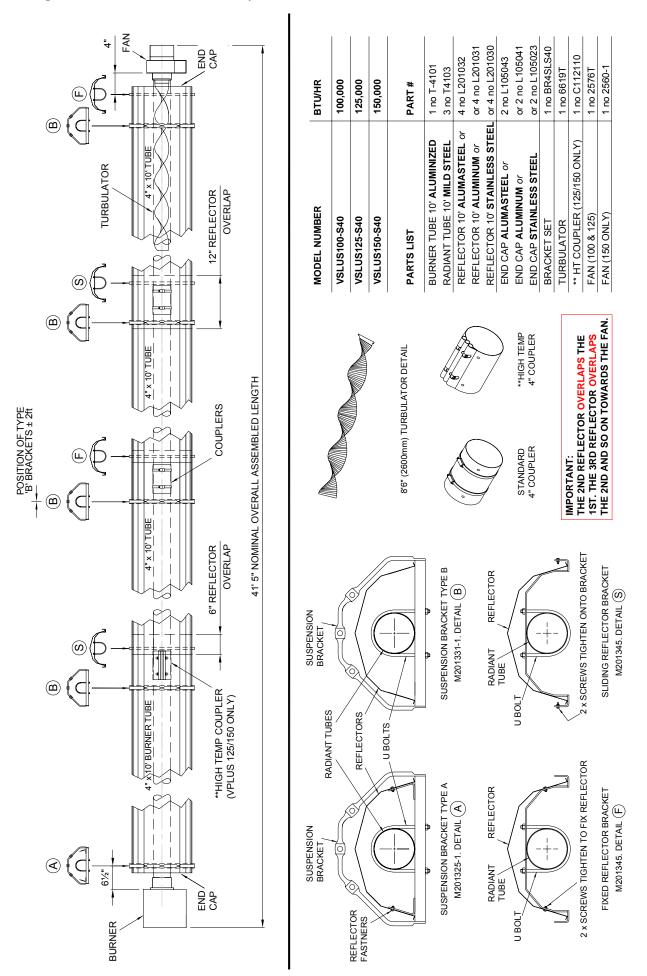


Figure 23. VSLUS Heater Assembly: Model Linear 100S50, 125S50, 150S50, 170S50 and 200S50

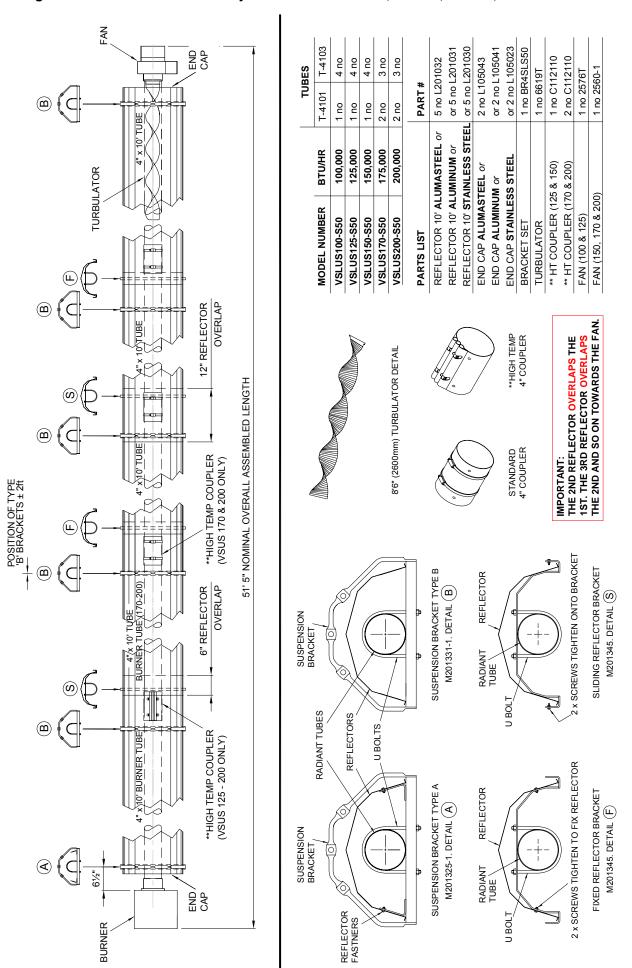


Figure 24. VSLUS Heater Assembly: Model Linear 125S60, 150S60, 170S60 and 200S60

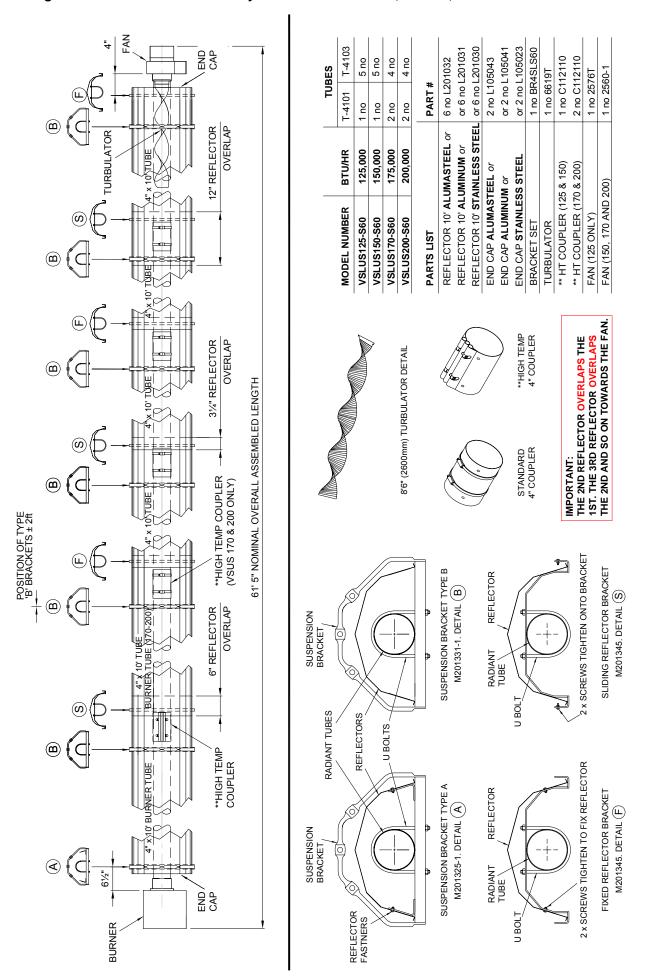


Figure 25. VSLUS Heater Assembly: Model Linear 170S70 and 200S70

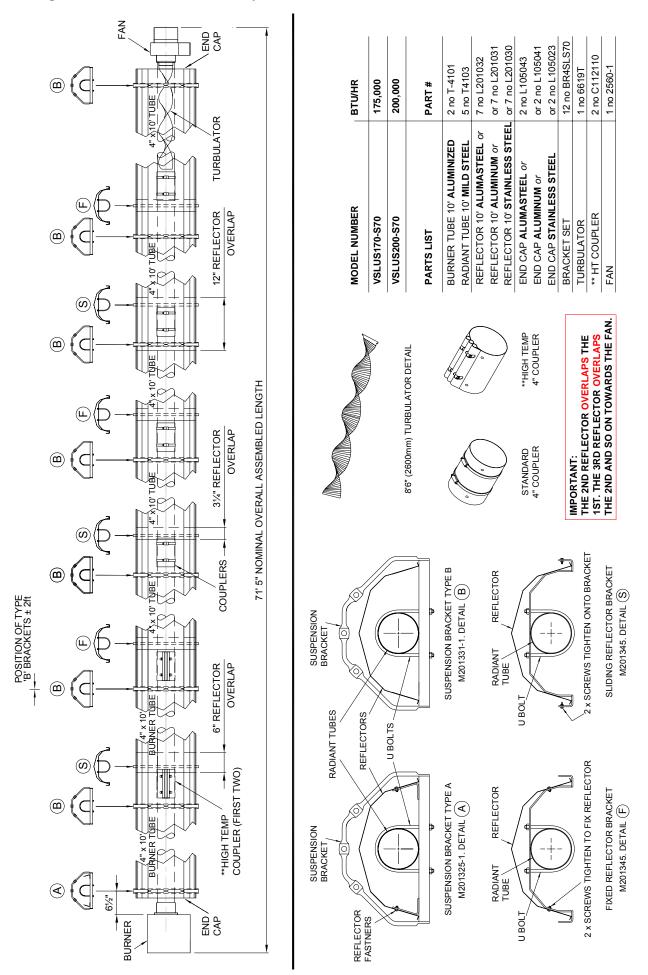
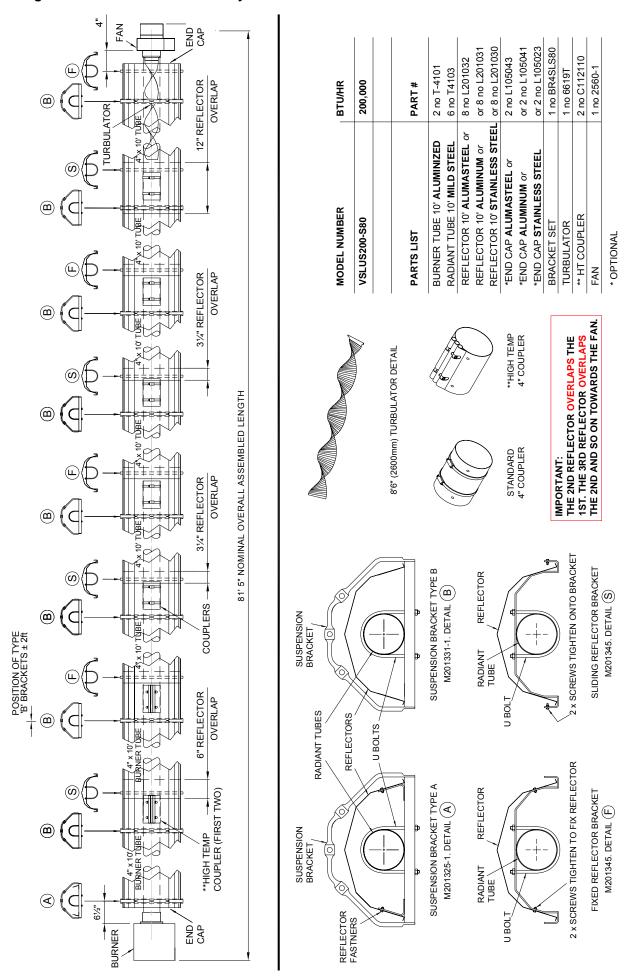


Figure 26. VSLUS Heater Assembly: Model Linear 200S80



3. Start Up Instructions.



These appliances should be commissioned by a qualified mechanical contractor.

3.1 Tools Required.

The following tools and equipment are advisable to complete the tasks laid out in this manual.



Suitable alternative tools may be used.



3.2 Start Up procedure

Inspect installation and ensure that it has been carried out in accordance with these instructions. Remove burner and inspect the electrode assemblies ensuring these are securely fixed and all electrical connections securely made. Re-fit the burner ensuring that it is correctly positioned and the screws are fully tightened. Ensure that electrical and gas supplies are isolated.

The gas supply should be purged and tested for soundness in accordance with local and National Safety codes.

Open isolating gas valve and test gas connections for soundness using soap solution.

Open the control housing door by unscrewing the securing screw. Ensure all internal components are securely fixed and all connections securely made.

Open the manual gas valve outside the control housing

Switch on the electrical supply to start the heater and observe the correct start up sequence. Ensure that the setting of any time switch and thermostat are such that the heating system will be required to operate.

The fan will start to run and the 'power on' lamp will illuminate. Safe-start checks are carried out automatically. After the fan has run up to full speed and a satisfactory pressure condition has been established, the ignition sequence will commence. The spark ignition will be energized producing a spark at the ignition electrode. The gas solenoid valve will at the same time be energized and the 'burner on' lamp will

illuminate. If the ignition is successful the flame is detected by the flame sensing probe and the 'burner on' lamp will remain on.

If ignition is unsuccessful the gas valve will close and the spark ignition de-energized after approximately 10 seconds. For approximately 10 to 20 seconds the fan will purge the system then re-ignition will be attempted. After 2 further attempts at ignition the control unit will 'lock-out', the 'power on' lamp will remain illuminated and the fan will continue to run. To reset after 'lockout' switch off the power supply to the system and wait 5 minutes (refer section 1.26.1 ANSI Z83.20). Then turn the power on. If repeated 'lockout' occurs investigate the cause.

Check the gas inlet pressure with a suitable 'U' tube manometer against those shown in table 3. Adjust if necessary.

Set burner gas pressure as follows:

Switch off the power supply to the heating system. Connect a 'U' tube manometer to the pressure test point provided on the combination gas control valve. Remove the cover from the pressure regulator revealing the adjustable screw. Start the heater and using a suitable screwdriver adjust the pressure regulator, turning the screw clockwise to increase the pressure or counter-clockwise to decrease the pressure. Set the pressure to appropriate inches w.c. from the table of gas pressures for correct heater description. Switch off the power supply to the heating system. Disconnect 'U' tube manometer, then securely replace screw in pressure test nipple.

Check the operation of the flame safeguard equipment as follows:

With the heater running normally, switch off the

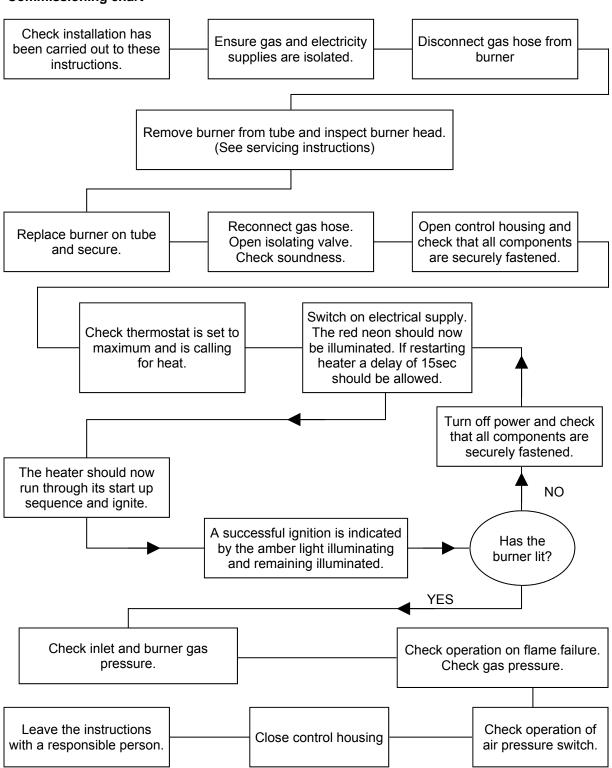
gas supply at the shut off valve. The heater should attempt to relight and if the gas valve has been left off 'lock-out' should occur indicated by the 'power on' lamp being illuminated and fan running, but the 'burner on' lamp being off.

Check the operation of the pressure proving switch as follows:

With the heater running normally, pull off the silicone rubber tube connecting the vacuum switch to the combustion chamber. Within 4 seconds the burner should shut off. Then replace the tube securely and observe that the heater proceeds to ignite in the normal way.

Close the controls door securing it with the screw.

Commissioning chart



4. Servicing Instructions.



These appliances should be serviced annually by a competent person to ensure safe and efficient operation. In exceptional dusty or polluted conditions more frequent servicing may be required. Servicing work should be carried out by a qualified mechanical contractor.

4.1 Tools Required.

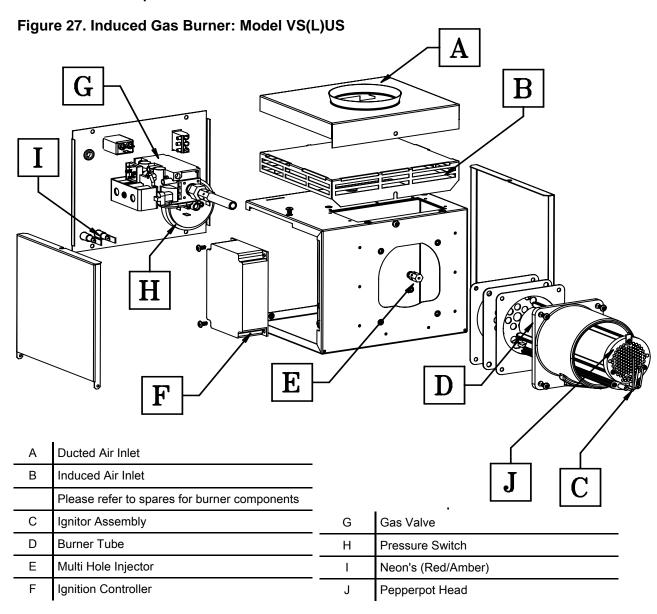


Suitable alternative tools may be used.

The following tools and equipment are advisable to complete the tasks laid out in this manual.



4.2 Burner Description.



4.3. Spare Parts

In order to aid troubleshooting and servicing we recommend that the components shown in this section should be stocked.

Note Any spare part components that are not approved by AmbiRad will invalidate the approval of the appliance and validity of the warranty.

Item Description Part No.

Item	Description	Part No.	Item	Description	Part No.
	Ignition Controller	3256-11		Pressure Switch	201676
	Valve Twin sol reg	201706		Amber Neon (Burner On)	2181
	Pepperpot Head	200988		Red Neon (Power On)	2176
	Ignitor Assembly	201284		Combustion Fan (40 - 125) (150 - 200)	2576T 2560-1
	Burner Tube	200358	O	Flame Plate 60 & 100 ONLY	201854
	Injector	See section 1.11		Gasket Set	201488
	Jet Carrier (40 - 150)	200420		Ducted Air Hose	201321
	Jet Carrier (170 - 200)	201630	0	Hose Clamp	7541
	Cables:				
T.	Spark Electrode (black) Rectification lead (purple)	900225-2			
		900225-3			
	Earth lead (green/yellow)	900225-1			

4.4 Burner Removal

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Step 1 Isolate power and gas supplies.

Step 2 Unplug the power connectors.



Step 3 Detach the gas supply as shown below, taking care to support the burner connection.



Step 4 If ducted air is connected, loosen hose clamp and remove the flexible hose from the burner.

Step 5 Loosen the set screw on the burner support casting to enable the burner to be removed from the radiant tube.



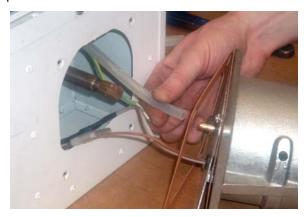
Step 6 Remove the burner and position the burner in a safe area to prevent the burner or components attached to the burner from falling to the ground.

4.5 Burner Gas Injector Servicing

Step 1.a Remove the burner support casting and gasket.



Step 1.b The burner head assembly can be disconnected by separating the connectors of the ignition lead assembly and removing the pressure switch silicon tube.



Step 2 The gas injector can be inspected and replaced if contaminated or blocked.



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When replacing the gas injector ensure approved thread sealant is used.

Step 3 Reconnect ignition leads and silicon tube to test nipple. Refit gasket and support casting.

4.6 Burner Head and Electrode Servicing

Step 1 Check the pepper pot burner head for contamination. If necessary this can be removed. See below. This can be cleaned together with the inside of the burner tube.



Step 2 The pepper pot burner head should be replaced ensuring the 5 holes on the outer ring are aligned alongside the probes.



Step 3 The condition of the igniter assembly can be checked for deterioration. However, we advise replacement at each service to ensure continued reliability.

Step 4 Detach the electrode assembly from the burner head by removing the two screws and separating the igniter lead connectors.

Step 5 Refit the electrode assembly and ensure the connections are secure to prevent incorrect sparking of the spark electrode.

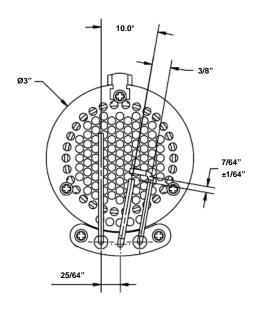
Step 6 Check the positions and spark gap as shown below.

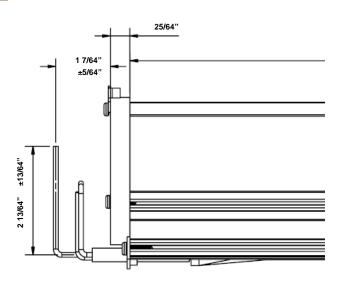
Step 7 The burner assembly is ready to refit after servicing the combustion fan and the radiant tube assembly.

4.7 Combustion Fan Assembly

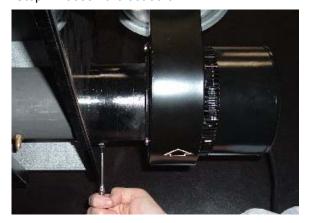
Step 1 Loosen the clamp fitting on the vent.







Step 2 Loosen the set screw.



Step 3 The combustion fan can now be detached.

Step 4 Remove the fan orifice plate spinning.



Step 5 Inspect the impeller and remove any dust with a soft brush.



Step 6 Remove any dust from fan scroll and from around the motor.

Step 7 Ensure the impeller rotates freely.

Step 8 Refit components.

4.8 Radiant Tube Servicing

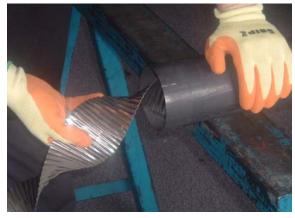
Step 1 Brush any dust from the exterior of the tubes.

Step 2 Inspect the fan and burner tubes visually. If the tubes appear clean, skip to servicing the reflector.

Step 3 Remove the U bend (on U heaters)



Step 4 Withdraw the turbulators from the appliance. Carefully note their condition and position. Replace turbulators if necessary.



Step 5 The turbulators should be cleaned with a soft brush.



Step 6 If required the interior of the tubes can then be cleaned using an industrial vacuum cleaner or by using long poles and a scraper.

Step 7 Refit components.

4.9 Reflector Servicing

The condition of the reflectors should be noted. If necessary the reflectors can be cleaned with a mild detergent. This can significantly improve the efficiency of the appliance.

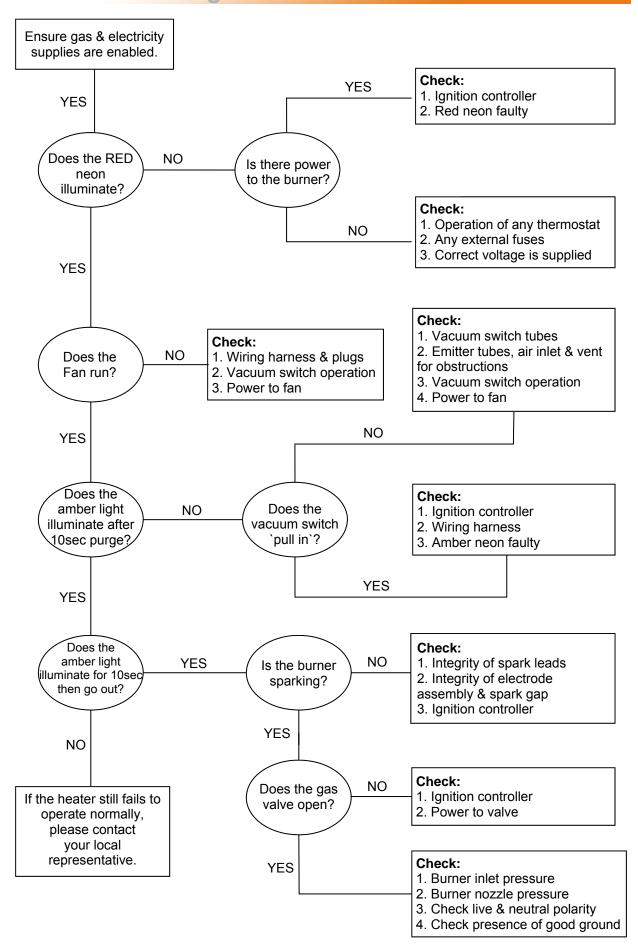
4.10 Sweeping of Vent

Inspect the fresh air inlet duct and vent to ensure they are free from any blockage or obstruction. The air inlet terminal and vent terminal should be inspected to ensure they are not liable to obstruction.

4.11 Recommissioning After Service

After servicing of the heater has been undertaken, it will be necessary to re-commission the heater as detailed in Section 3 of these instructions.

5. Troubleshooting Guide.



6. Replacing Parts.

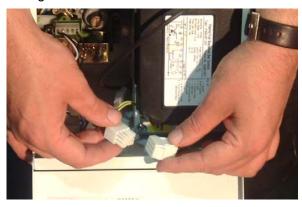
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Turn off gas and any electrical supplies to the heater before starting repair work.

6.1 Burner Controller Replacement

Step 1 Loosen screw in burner lid and open the right hand burner access door.

Step 2 Disconnect burner controller from the wiring harness.



Step 3 Disconnect the HT Lead from burner controller



Step 4 Remove the two screws attaching the controller to the burner and remove.



Step 5 Fit new burner controller

Step 6 Refit leads

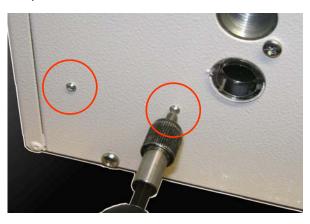
Step 7 Test product and close access door.

6.2 Air Pressure Switch Replacement

Step 1 Open left hand door. Disconnect the two silicone impulse tubes.



Step 2 Remove the two screws as shown below.



Step 3 Remove electrical connections. The air pressure switch can now be removed.

Step 4 Fit the new air pressure switch ensuring the impulse tubes and wire connections are connected as shown below.

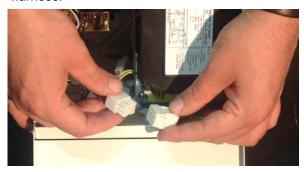


Step 5 Test product and close access doors.

6.3 Gas Valve Replacement

Step 1 Remove the burner assembly as described in the Servicing Sections.

Step 2 Open the right hand access door and detach the burner controller from the wiring harness.



Step 3 Open the left hand access door and detach the impulse hoses from the air pressure switch.



Step 4 Remove the 4 screws holding the burner head onto the burner assembly.



Step 5 The burner head can now be detached by disconnecting the impulse tube and the burner head wiring.



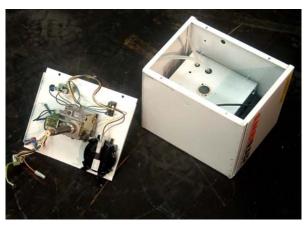
Step 6 Detach the two screws holding the front of the gas valve.



Step 7 Remove the four screws holding the rear burner plate in position.



Step 8 Remove gas fitting and the rear plate.



Step 9 The two screws retaining the gas valve can then be removed.

Step 10 The jet carrier and wiring harness can now be detached from the gas valve.

Step 11 The gas valve can now be replaced.

Step 12 Refit all components.

Step 13 Set pressures and ensure reliable burner performance.

Step 14 Test product and close access door.

7. User & Operating Instructions

AmbiRad is the manufacturer of a series of tubular infra-red heaters designed for overhead heating of industrial and commercial buildings. Individual heating units are suspended from the roof or mounted at an angle on the wall



- 1. This appliance must only be installed by qualified craftsmen in accordance with the requirements of local and National Codes.
- 2. This appliance must be grounded in accordance with the National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA No.70.
- 3. Never rest anything, especially ladders against the heaters.

7.1 To Start the Heater

- 1. First ensure that the gas supply to each heater is turned on by opening the main gas shut off valve.
- 2. Ensure that the setting of any time switch and thermostat are such that the heating system will be required to operate.
- Switch off the electricity supply to the heater. The fan will start, the 'power on' light on the burner will illuminate and ignition commence.
- 4. Ignition will occur.
- 5. If ignition is successful the gas valve will close and the spark ignition de-energize after approximately 10 seconds. For approximately 10 20 seconds the fan will purge the system then re-ignition will be attempted. After 3 attempts at ignition the control unit will 'lock-out', the 'power on'

lamp will remain illuminated and the fan will continue to run. To reset after 'lockout', switch off the power supply to the heater and wait 5 minutes. Then turn the power on. If repeated 'lockout' occurs investigate the cause.

7.2. To Switch Off Heater

1. Switch off electrical supply to the heater. The burner will stop and the fan will shut off.

7.3. Servicing

 To ensure continued, efficient and safe operation it is recommended that the heater be serviced regularly by a qualified person every year in normal working conditions but in exceptionally dusty or polluted conditions more frequent servicing may be needed.

Your	Local	Represe	ntative
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An AmbiRad Group brand



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